

Witten (in Bott's office 12/15/83)

color	F flavors of quarks a flavor by definition is	flavor symm ^L gp
$SU(N)$	$N + \bar{N}$	$SU(F) \times SU(F)$
$O(N)$	N	$SU(2F)$
$Sp(N)$	$(2N) \oplus (2N)$	$SU(2F)$ 2 copies to kill \mathbb{Z}_2 anomaly
$N \rightarrow \infty$		

$$\pi_4 Sp(N) = \mathbb{Z}_2 \Rightarrow \pi_1(A(Y)) \neq 0$$

unbroken symm gp. = flavor symm of generic vacuum	space of vac. states
$SU(F)_{diag}$	$SU(F) \times SU(F) / diag SU(F) \cong SU(F)$
$O(F)$	$SU(F) / O(F)$
$Sp(F)$	$SU(2F) / Sp(F)$

stably homotopy			
π_2	π_3	π_4	π_5
0	\mathbb{Z}	0	\mathbb{Z}
\mathbb{Z}_2	\mathbb{Z}_2	0	\mathbb{Z}
0	0	0	\mathbb{Z}

confinement of certain color charges existence of baryons ambiguity in quantization in σ -model number of colors in underlying theory is an integer

$G, \hat{G} = \text{univ. cover}$

$$\frac{\text{Rep of } \hat{G}}{\text{Rep of } G} = \mathbb{Z}_2 \text{ for } O(N)$$

Why it only works for large F

Why

~~Witten~~ 't Hooft (1974)
A conjecture

For $N \rightarrow \infty$ QCD becomes
an effective theory of mesons
with complicated config. space P

Witten believe that P has the homotopy type
of Maps $(S^4, G/H)$ in the stable range (large F).

~~Witten~~ Can we guess P in general
~~Witten~~

For fixed N P exists but there is no
reason to ~~conjecture~~ expect topology of P to be
interesting physically.

$$\int_{\text{Maps}} e^{-\text{Action} \cdot \alpha}$$

Given $\alpha: \pi_4(G/H) \rightarrow U(1)$

In QCD ~~one integrates~~ one integrates over all
 $SU(N)$ -bundles and connections

$$\pi_3(\mathcal{Y}) = \pi_4(B\mathcal{Y}) = \mathbb{Z}$$

leads to Θ in QCD

two ways to quantize rigid rotors because
 $\pi_1(O(3)) = \mathbb{Z}/2$ as either fermion + boson.
 $L+L$ molecule

π_5 now.

$\int_{\text{maps}} e^{-A}$ A isn't real necessarily
 physical requires $A \rightarrow A^*$ under reversal of orientation of S^4 / CPT thm.

so parity preserving parts of A are real
 parity reversing " " A are imag.

Only e^{-A} is needed, so A may be defined only modulo $2\pi i$

monopole action $(2\pi i)(2eg) \Rightarrow 2eg \in \mathbb{Z}$

So $\pi_5(G/H) = \mathbb{Z}$ means one can

π_3 + baryons
 should go to $M = \underset{\text{time}}{R^1} \times S^3$

Ask ^{about} n classes of phys. states

What could have existed at $t=0$?

The top. classification of unhal condensates is $\pi_3(G/H)$.
 (Answer $\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}_2, \mathbb{Z}_0$) \mathbb{Z} baryon no.

Meson $g^i \bar{g}_i$
 Baryon $\epsilon_{i_1 \dots i_N} g^{i_1} \dots g^{i_N}$ } $SU(N)$

Meson $g^i g_i$
 Baryon $\epsilon_{i_1 \dots i_N} g^{i_1} \dots g^{i_N}$ } $O(N)$

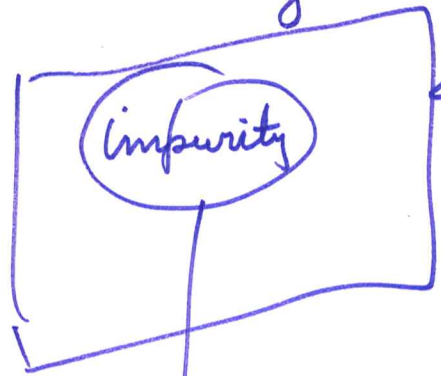
group theoretically

$$\epsilon_{i_1 \dots i_N} \epsilon_{j_1 \dots j_N} = \sum_{\text{perm}} \delta_{i_1 j_{\pi_1}} \dots \delta_{i_N j_{\pi_N}}$$

So 2 baryons = N mesons.

π_2

region where equations break down



$t \rightarrow \infty$ to begin with we are in 3dims.

need bdy conditions classified by $\pi_2(G/H)$.

If $O(n)$ there is one impurity

Only interesting impurity should transform under a representation of the gauge gp. not already included in reprs. generated by quarks + gluons.

For $O(n)$ take Spin repr.