

Thus it seemed that one has determined!!!!!!

But we have a monoidal functor

$$S \longrightarrow S'$$

$$S \longmapsto (\gamma S, f_0 S, f_0 \gamma(S) \simeq f_0 S)$$

which is an equivalence of ^{mon.} cats. So we get as above a ~~strict~~ strict

$$\tilde{S} \longrightarrow S'$$

uniqueness Lemma: Let $S \xrightarrow{\gamma} S'$ be an equiv. of monoidal cats with S' strict, let $f_1, f_2: S' \rightarrow \mathcal{U}$ be strict mon. functors with \mathcal{U} strict and suppose $f_1 \gamma = f_2 \gamma$. Then $f_1 = f_2$, provided $\text{Ob}(S)$ generates ^{the mon.} $\text{Ob}(S')$.

Proof: Because γ is an equivalence, $\exists!$ natural isom $\theta: f_1 \simeq f_2$ of monoidal functors γ

$$\theta \cdot \gamma: f_1 \gamma \simeq f_2 \gamma$$

is the identity. ~~Consider~~ Consider $\{x \in \text{Ob}(S') \mid \theta_x = \text{id}\}$

since

$$\theta_{x_1 x_2}: f_1(x_1 x_2) \simeq f_2(x_1 x_2)$$

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$$f_1(x_1) f_1(x_2) \simeq f_1(x_1) f_2(x_2)$$

$\theta_{x_1} \theta_{x_2}$

follows this set is closed under product, so dense.